Overview of	Term 1 & 2Pro	eview of Term 3			
Year(s)	1795-1819	1819-1824	1825-1854	1854-1863	1863-1872
Ruler(s)	Kamehameha I	Kamehameha II - Liholiho and Kuhina Nui Kaahumanu	Kamehameha III - Kauikeaouli and Kaahumanu	Kamehameha IV - Liholiho	Kamehameha V Lot
Background Information	1st to Unite all major Islands	abolishes Kapu	age 10 when he becomes King, "rules" for 29 years	He and his wife Emma created Queen's hospital.	Last of the royal monarchy related to Kamehemeha.
Political	Kapu System - laws of the traditional Hawaiians, Kamehameha I has absolute power.	Abolishes Kapu system, disorder in kingdom results, Missionaries arrive	Creates 2 constitutions: Constitution of 1840 & 1852 - Limits the power of the king.		Abolishes Constitution of 1852 and creates Constitution of 1864 - restores many of the powers back to the king
Social	Kapu System - set down what people could and could not do. Capt. Cook arrives, brings new things - including weapons and diseases. Estimated 300,000 Native Hi population	Diseases - kill	Mahele - most com lose lands. Disease Hawaiian Populatio brought in to work	e continues to kill n. Foreign workers	

Economic	Subsistence Economy, live from and with the land. Sharing of resources.	Less and less subsistence economy, trading, bartering, less "sharing" Sandalwood traders and Whalers arrive.	able to buy land - s Industry. Subsister almost completely	nce Economy gone. Import on plantations,	Sugar industry becor of the first Missionar industry. Reciprocity Later, McKinley Tariff hurts the Hawaii suga only U.S. sugar prod

1873-1874	1874-1891	1891-1893
Lunalilo	Kalakaua	Lili'uokalani
Lunamo	Naiakaua	Liii uokalaiii
beats Kalakaua in election, reigns for only 1 year	Dies in San Franciscoheir to throne - Lili'uokalani	Last monarch to rule Hawaii.
First elected king not coming from the Kamehameha bloodline.	Forced to sign Bayonet Constitution of 1887. Loss of monarchy power. Hawaiian League, Committee of Safety, Annexationist groups form.	Led by Sugar Plantation leaders, Hawaiian Kingdom overthrown, Political and Economic reasons.
Diseases continue to devastate Native population - estimate that only 35,000 - 40,000 alive.	Brings back Hawaiian culture - language, music, chants, and Hula.	Composes Hawaiian music, continues to use Hawaiian language

. They begin to gain political power to benefit Sugar reaty with United States helps Hawaiian Sugar Companies. lows other Foreign countries sugar to come to U.S. tax-free				
ompanies. s.	U.S. offers 2 c	ents per po	ound price support to	